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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/899,186		07/06/2001	Shinji Nara	766.38	2692
5514	7590	10/21/2002			
FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA NEW YORK, NY 10112				EXAMINER	
				COVINGTON, RAYMOND K	
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				1625	
				DATE MAILED: 10/21/2002)

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/899,186

Applicant(s)

Nara et al

Examiner

Raymond Covington

Art Unit 1234



The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the corresponden	nce address						
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.							
- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.							
 If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 13 Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 	f this communication. 3).						
Status							
1) X Responsive to communication(s) filed on Jun 28, 2002							
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) X This action is non-final.							
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-8 is/are pendi	ng in the application.						
4a) Of the above, claim(s) is/are with	drawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s)is/are	allowed.						
6) 💢 Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are	rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are	objected to.						
8) Claims are subject to restriction at	nd/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) \square The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)□ The drawing(s) filed on is/are a) □ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) c	lisapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) All b) Some* c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.	2. \square Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this N application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	lational Stage						
*See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).							
 a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. 							
Attachment(s)	Jr 121.						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s).							
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152							
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)							

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The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

The specification is objected to under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as the nature of the pharmaceutical arts is such that screening in vitro and in vivo is needed to determine which compounds exhibit the desired activities. There is no absolute predictability which compounds exhibit the desired activities. There is no absolute predictability in this art. The application discloses use as assays.

Reaction conditions/precursors for these compounds are not set forth in the disclosure. There is insufficient disclosure in the specification to enable one of ordinary skill in the art to replace various substituents and still expect the alleged anti-viral activity. Particularly in view of the recognized unpredictability in the pharmaceutical art.

The specification does not give any guidance as to the full range of conditions, which could be treated or prevented using the instant claimed process. In In re Wands, 8 USPQ2d 1400 (1988), factors to be considered in determining whether a disclosure meets the enablement requirement of 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, have been described. They are:

- 1. the nature of the invention,
- 2. the state of the prior art,
- 3. the predictability or lack thereof in the art,

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- 4. the amount of direction or guidance present,
- 5. the presence or absence of working examples,
- 6. the breadth of the claims,
- 7. the quantity of experimentation needed, and
- 8. the level of the skill in the art.

In the instant case, Applicants are claiming a method of prevention, for example, subarachnoid hemorrhage, Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease or AIDS. The nature of the pharmaceutical arts is that it involves screening in vitro and in vivo to determine which compounds exhibit the desired pharmacological activities. There is no absolute predictability even in view of the seemingly high level of skill in the art. The existence of these obstacles establishes that the contemporary knowledge in the art would prevent one of ordinary skill in the art from accepting any therapeutic regimen on its face. The instant specification does not give any guidance's as to the full range of conditions, which could be treated or prevented using the instant claimed process. In order to practice the claimed invention, one skilled in the art would have speculate which conditions could be prevented using the claimed process. In order to practice the claimed invention, one skilled in the art would have speculate which conditions could be prevented using the claimed benzmide derivatives found in the instant claims. The number of possible conditions embraced by the claims would impose under experimentation on the skilled art worker. Therefore, the broad terminology

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"treatment or prevention" is not enabled because the metes and bounds of conditions, which could be treated or prevented, cannot be ascertained.

Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled it the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. Claims refer to a in vivo method to treating a patent with a tumor as noted above the specification lacks stuffiest enablement to support this claim. In addition the Soga 132 Declaration has been noted and consideration but is not deemed persuasive of patentabity because it too is not as in vivo showing.

No claim is allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Raymond Covington whose telephone number is (703) 308-4704. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Alan Rotman can be reached on (703) 308-2439. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-4556 for regular communications and (703) 308-4556 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1235.

Covington/LR

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October 2, 2002

Clan L. ROTMAN

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TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600